Sewage Treatment Plant Performance Report

Unitywate

2016-17





Message from the CEO

I am pleased to share with you our Sewage Treatment Plant Performance Report for 2016-17. This report provides information about the individual and collective performance of the 17 sewage treatment plants (STPs) that we operate across our service area.

I am proud to announce that Unitywater achieved overall STP compliance of 99.1% this financial year.

We are licensed by the Department of Environment and Heritage Protection (DEHP) to collect and treat sewage to meet a range of quality standards and compliance targets. We consistently achieve overall compliance because we take our responsibility for safe, sustainable sewage treatment seriously. We embrace the highest operating standards and we have effective governance in place to manage risks and remain sensitive to the environment.

Our 17 sewage treatment plants (STPs) collected and treated 50,680 million litres of sewage in 2016-17. This report details performance and compliance for each STP and also explains the few occasions where we exceeded compliance targets.

Over the next five years, we will invest \$188 million in our treatment plant infrastructure to improve reliability, continuously improve our operations and meet the demands of our growing communities. Ever mindful of the residents living near our STPs, we have also invested almost \$3 million in odour reduction at our Maroochydore plant.

We are developing our workforce to enable STP staff to operate multiple plants and improving after-hours STP monitoring.

We are also fast approaching operational excellence thanks to the power of some innovative industry technologies. Some of our focus areas over the next few years include: converting waste into energy, recovering valuable resources such as phosphorus for fertiliser and using real-time data to drive efficient operations and rapid decision making (this is known as Unitywater's Smart STP initiative).

These innovations will allow us to continue delivering on our key purpose -""keeping communities healthy".

If you have any questions or feedback on the content of this report, please do not hesitate to call our Customer Contact Centre on 1300 086 489.

George Theo Chief Executive Officer



Contents

1.1	ntroducti	ion	9
	1.1. Qui	ck Statistics July 2016 - June 2017	9
2.	Effluent	Quality Summary	10
3.	Perform	ance in Detail (July 2016 – June 2017)	11
	3.1.	Brendale Sewage Treatment Plant	11
	3.2.	Bribie Island Sewage Treatment Plant	13
	3.3.	Burpengary East Sewage Treatment Plant	15
	3.4.	Coolum Sewage Treatment Plant	16
	3.5.	Cooroy Sewage Treatment Plant	18
	3.6.	Dayboro Sewage Treatment Plant	19
	3.7.	Kawana-Landsborough Sewage Treatment Plants	20
	3.8.	Kenilworth Sewage Treatment Plant	22
	3.9.	Maleny Sewage Treatment Plant	23
	3.10.	Maroochydore Sewage Treatment Plant	24
	3.11.	Murrumba Downs Sewage Treatment Plant	26
	3.12.	Nambour Sewage Treatment Plant	28
	3.13.	Noosa Sewage Treatment Plant	29
	3.14.	Redcliffe Sewage Treatment Plant	
	3.15.	South Caboolture Sewage Treatment Plant	31
	3.16.	Woodford Sewage Treatment Plant	32
4.	Odour Re	eduction	33
5.	Definitio	ons and Legend	34

List of Tables

Table 1	Effluent Quality Compliance	
Table 2	Brendale STP Release Targets	
Table 3	Brendale STP Mass Limits	
Table 4	Bribie Island STP Release Targets	13
Table 5	Burpengary East STP Release Targets	
Table 6	Burpengary STP Mass Limits	15
Table 7	Coolum STP Release Targets	
Table 8	Coolum STP Mass Limits	
Table 9	Cooroy STP Release Targets	
Table 10	Cooroy STP Mass Limits	
Table 11	Dayboro STP Release Targets	
Table 12	Kawana-Landsborough STP Release Targets^	
Table 13	Kenilworth STP Release Targets ^	
Table 14	Maleny STP Release Targets to Constructed Wetlands	
Table 15	Maleny STP Release Targets to Forest Irrigation	23
Table 16	Maroochydore STP Release Targets	
Table 17	Maroochydore STP Mass Limits	
Table 18	Murrumba Downs STP Release Targets	
Table 19	Murrumba Downs STP Volumetric Limits	
Table 20	Murrumba Downs STP Mass Limits	
Table 21	Nambour STP Release Targets	
Table 22	Noosa STP Release Targets	
Table 23	Noosa STP Mass Limits	
Table 24	Redcliffe STP Release Targets	
Table 25	Redcliffe STP Mass Limits	
Table 26	South Caboolture STP Release Targets	
Table 27	South Caboolture STP Mass Limits	
Table 28	Woodford STP Release Targets	
Table 29	Woodford STP Mass Limits	
Table 30	Odour Reduction	
Table 31	Acronyms and Definitions	
Table 32	Definition of Units	
Table 33	Legend	

List of Figures

Brendale STP – TSS – Short Term 80th Percentile	. 12
Brendale STP – Faecal Coliform - Median	. 12
Bribie Island STP – Total Nitrogen – Short Term 50th Percentile	. 14
Bribie Island STP – Total Nitrogen – Maximum	. 14
Burpengary East STP – Free Chlorine Residual – Maximum	. 16
Coolum STP – Free Chlorine Residual – Maximum	. 17
Dayboro STP – E.Coli – Median	. 19
Kawana-Landsborough STP – Free Chlorine Residual – Maximum	. 21
Kawana-Landsborough STP – Faecal Coliforms – 80th Percentile	. 21
Maroochydore STP – Faecal Coliforms – Median	. 24
Maroochydore STP – Faecal Coliforms – Maximum (80th percentile)	. 25
Maroochydore STP – Nitrogen Mass Load – Maximum	. 25
Murrumba Downs STP – Faecal Coliforms – Median	. 27
Murrumba Downs STP – Faecal Coliforms – 80th Percentile	. 28
Nambour STP – Faecal Coliform – Median	. 29
	 Brendale STP – TSS – Short Term 80th Percentile. Brendale STP – Faecal Coliform - Median



1. Introduction

Unitywater supplies more than 755,609 people across 5223 square kilometres with sewerage and water services.

We monitor effluent quality from each sewage treatment plant to assess compliance with conditions specified under the licence granted by the Department of Environment and Heritage Protection (DEHP). We hold the following DEHP registration and approval:

- a. A single Registration Certificate, authorising Unitywater to operate sewage treatment plants; and
- b. A single Environmental Authority (Environmental Licence) for the following sewage treatment plants:
 - Brendale
- Kawana

Kenilworth

- Burpengary East
- Bribie IslandCoolum
 - Maleny
- Cooroy
- Maroochydore
- Dayboro
- Murrumba Downs

Landsborough

- Nambour
- Noosa
- Redcliffe
- South Caboolture
- Suncoast (decommissioned)
- Woodford

Should we not meet our obligations as set out in the licence, penalties may apply in accordance with the *Sustainable Planning Act 2009 and Environmental Protection Act 1994*.

This report is published to provide you with information about effluent quality and some licence compliance statistics from our sewage treatment plants. By meeting licence conditions, we ensure high quality service, minimising impacts on waterways in our local communities.

1.1 Quick Statistics July 2016 - June 2017

Number of sewerage connections	281,015
Kilometres of sewer main pipes	5,708 km
Number of sewage pump stations	781
Number of sewage treatment plants	17
Volume of sewage collected and treated	50,680 ML ¹

1. Does not include 2092 ML diverted to Queensland Urban Utilities (QUU) via the Kedron Brook Sewerage Scheme. This sewage would be treated to meet QUU's licence requirements.

9

2. Effluent Quality Summary

The Department of Environment and Heritage Protection (DEHP) requires that our sewage treatment plants discharge effluent that meets quality and quantity conditions to minimise impacts on the health of waterways in Queensland.

We report on concentrations of contaminants such as organic matter, suspended solids, chlorine and pathogens. Release volumes and mass loads are also evaluated to compare with limits specified by DEHP.

In the 2016-17 financial year, we achieved over 99% compliance in overall effluent quality discharged from our sewage treatment plants. DEHP allows fluctuations in effluent quality parameters (DEHP, 2014) which means the plants performed within the overall quality standards set by the Environmental Licence. The table below provides a summary of where treated effluent is discharged and overall effluent quality compliance in the 2016-17 financial year.

	Catchmont		D	ischarge	to:	Effluent
Sewage Treatment Plant	Equivalent Population	Treatment Process	Freshwater Body	Ocean	Irrigation, wetlands or groundwater	Quality Compliance
Brendale	35,797	BNR ¹	✓			99.2%
Bribie Island	22,316	Biological nitrogen removal and chemical phosphorus removal			\checkmark	99.9%
Burpengary East	42,636	BNR	~			99.9%
Coolum	25,763	BNR	~			99.8%
Cooroy	9452	BNR	✓		\checkmark	100%
Dayboro	1015	Biological nitrogen removal			\checkmark	99.5% ²
Kawana	102,391	Biological nitrogen removal	✓	\checkmark		99.0%
Kenilworth	290	Oxidation Pond	~		\checkmark	100%
Landsborough ³	12,577	BNR	~	~		
Maleny	aleny 2412 Biological nitrogen remov and chemical phosphoru removal		~		~	100%
Maroochydore	116,020	BNR	✓			96.9%
Murrumba Downs	124,395	BNR	~			99.5%
Nambour	42,673	BNR	✓			100%
Noosa	46,833	BNR	✓			100%
Redcliffe	59,296	BNR		\checkmark		100%
South Caboolture	54,731	Biological nitrogen removal and chemical phosphorus removal	~			100%
Woodford 1939 Biological nitrogen removal and chemical phosphorus removal		~			100%	
	Overall Com	pliance				99.1% ⁴

Table 1 – Effluent Quality Compliance

Notes:

1. Biological Nutrient Reduction (BNR) – Reduces nitrogen and phosphorus biologically.

Because Dayboro STP discharges to restricted land (not a waterway) and therefore poses no risk to human health, the plant is licensed to disinfect by natural sunlight. The effectiveness is therefore impacted by weather conditions (i.e. disinfection is less effective on rainy days).

 A separate 'Performance in Detail' table is not provided for Landsborough Sewage Treatment Plant as effluent from this facility is combined with Kawana Sewage Treatment Plant effluent before being released to the outfall.

4. Effluent quality met stringent quality standards 991 out of every 1000 times (well within the quality standards set by the Environmental Licence). Overall compliance is calculated on a flow-weighted basis in accordance with the National Performance Report.

3. Performance in Detail

(JULY 2016 – JUNE 2017)

Each of our plants has different release parameters due to the nature of the discharge point (e.g. waterway or land) or when the plant was issued DEHP approval to operate. An example of this is Brendale STP which has mass load limits and Bribie Island STP which does not.

When reading the following tables, please refer to the Definitions and Legend on page 25 for further explanation of the acronyms and units of measurement.

3.1 Brendale Sewage Treatment Plant

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
BOD ₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
			long term 80th percentile	✓
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓ ✓
			maximum	✓
рН	pH units	53	range	✓
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	✓
Facad California	cfu/ 100	065	median	✓ **
Faecal Comotins	mL	200	80th percentile	✓

Table 2 – Brendale STP Release Targets

* TSS short term 80th percentile target was exceeded five times in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details. ** Median Faecal Coliforms target was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Table 3 – Brendale STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Days	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~

Exceedances

Total Suspended Solids

The short term 80th percentile Total Suspended Solids target was exceeded five times in 2016. This was caused by ferric chloride dosing trials as a coagulant aid in the dewatering process. Total Suspended Solids was brought under control and has achieved full compliance. An overall short term Total Suspended Solids target of 89.8% was achieved.





Faecal Coliforms

The median Faecal Coliforms target was exceeded once in early 2017. This was caused by a malfunction of the automated chlorine dosing system. We elected to change the frequency of chlorine dosing equipment servicing from eight weeks to four weeks. This ensures that all automatic control of the chlorine dosing system operates effectively. Compliance for median Faecal Coliforms of 98.1% was achieved.





3.2 Bribie Island Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 4 – Bribie Island STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	✓
BOD ₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
			long term 80th percentile	✓
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
рН	pH units	53	range	✓
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
			long term 50th percentile	✓
TN	mg/L	53	short term 50th percentile	✓ *
			maximum	✓ **
			long term 50th percentile	✓
ТР	mg/L	53	short term 50th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓

* Short term 50th percentile Total Nitrogen was exceeded twice in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

** Maximum Total Nitrogen was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Exceedances

Total Nitrogen

The short term 50th percentile Total Nitrogen target was exceeded twice and the maximum Total Nitrogen target was exceeded once. Ex-Tropical Cyclone Debbie caused wet weather flow conditions which caused the short term exceedance. The maximum Total Nitrogen exceedance was caused by a power failure which changed the operation of the aeration blowers to its default parameters. We modified the plant control system modified to prevent a recurrence of a similar event and subsequent samples have successfully met compliance. Overall 96.2% and 98.1% compliance in short term and maximum Total Nitrogen targets was achieved respectively.



Figure 3 – Bribie Island STP – Total Nitrogen – Short Term 50th Percentile





Jul-16 Aug-16 Sep-16 Oct-16 Nov-16 Dec-16 Jan-17 Feb-17 Mar-17 Apr-17 May-17 Jun-17

3.3 Burpengary East Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 5 – Burpengary East STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
BOD ₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	\checkmark
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	~
рН	pH units	53	range	\checkmark
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	\checkmark
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	✓ *
Faceal Califorma	oful 100 ml	265	median	\checkmark
		200	80th percentile	\checkmark

* Maximum Free Chlorine Residual was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Table 6 – Burpengary East STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Days	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~

Exceedances

Free Chlorine Residual

The Free Chlorine Residual target was exceeded once. The single spike is attributed to the required algal cleaning of a chlorine contact tank using liquid chlorine. Our facility has since met full compliance. The overall Free Chlorine Residual performance achieved 98.1% compliance.



Figure 5 – Burpengary East STP – Free Chlorine Residual – Maximum

3.4 Coolum Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 7 –	- Coolum	STP	Release	Targets
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Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	✓
BOD ₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
			long term 80th percentile	~
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	~
			maximum	~
рН	pH units	53	range	~
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
	ma/l	52	long term 50th percentile	✓
INF13-IN	mg/∟	55	maximum	✓
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	✓ *
Easeal Coliforms	ofu/ 100 ml	53	median	\checkmark
		00	80th percentile	\checkmark

* Maximum Free Chlorine Residual was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Table 8 – Coolum STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Days	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark

Exceedances

Free Chlorine Residual

The Free Chlorine Residual target was exceeded once in early 2017. A follow-up test by our staff on the same day resulted in a Free Chlorine Residual of 0.1 mg/L (less than the <0.7 mg/L maximum), indicating a potential testing error. Compliance for maximum Free Chlorine Residual of 98.1% was achieved.





Jul-16 Aug-16 Sep-16 Oct-16 Nov-16 Dec-16 Jan-17 Feb-17 Mar-17 Apr-17 May-17 Jun-17

3.5 Cooroy Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 9 -	Cooro	/ STP	Release	Targets
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Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
рН	pH units	53	range	✓
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
TN		50	long term 50th percentile	✓
	mg/L	53	maximum	✓
TD		mg/L 53	long term 50th percentile	✓
IP n	mg/L		maximum	✓
Intestinal Enterococci		150	long term 50th percentile	✓
	ilig/L	109	maximum	✓

Table 10 – Cooroy STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Limit Type	Compliant
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	maximum	\checkmark
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	maximum	\checkmark

3.6 **Dayboro Sewage Treatment Plant**

Table 11 – Dayboro STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant			
ROD-	ma/l	10	80th percentile	\checkmark			
BOD5	IIIg/L	12	maximum	~			
TOO		10	80th percentile				
155	mg/L	12	maximum	~			
рН	pH units	12	range	~			
	mg/l	10	50th percentile	~			
	mg/L	12	maximum	~			
E.coli	mg/l	60	median	✓ *			
	IIIg/L	00	80th percentile	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓			

* Median E.coli was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details

Exceedances

E.coli

The median E.coli level was exceeded once in June 2017. This is the only facility that relies on sunlight to disinfect effluent, as this small plant discharges to land onsite and poses no risk to the environment or the community. The single exceedance was caused by algae growth and rainy weather conditions. Overall, 91.7% compliance in median E.coli was achieved.



Figure 7 – Dayboro STP – E.coli – Median

3.7 Kawana-Landsborough Sewage Treatment Plants

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
BOD ₅	mg/L	53 long term 80th maximum	long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	✓
TSS	mg/L	53 -	long term 80th percentile	✓
	5		maximum	✓
рН	pH units	53	range	✓
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
NH3-N mg/L		50	long term 50th percentile	✓
	mg/L	53	maximum	✓
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	✓ *
Faecal Coliforms	of: / 100 ml	50	median	✓
	ciu/ 100 mL	53	80th percentile	✓ **

^ Note that effluent to the main outfall contains flow from both Kawana and Landsborough Sewage Treatment Plants.

* Free Chlorine Residual was exceeded six times in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

** 80th percentile Faecal Coliforms was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Exceedances

Free Chlorine Residual

The Free Chlorine Residual target was exceeded six times. As part of the current upgrade works we are installing a new chlorination system to improve reliability. Overall, 88.7% compliance in Free Chlorine Residual was achieved.



Figure 8 – Kawana-Landsborough STP – Free Chlorine Residual – Maximum

Faecal Coliforms

The 80th percentile Faecal Coliforms target was exceeded once in early 2017. Reliability will be improved when we install a new chlorination system. Overall, 98.1% compliance for 80th percentile Faecal Coliforms was achieved.



Figure 9 – Kawana-Landsborough STP – Faecal Coliforms – 80th Percentile

3.8 Kenilworth Sewage Treatment Plant

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
BOD ₅	mg/L	52	short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	\checkmark
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
TSS	mg/L	52	short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	\checkmark
рН	pH units	52	range	\checkmark
DO	mg/L	52	minimum	\checkmark
Faecal Coliforms	cfu/ 100	50	median	\checkmark
	mL	JZ	80th percentile	\checkmark

Table 13 – Kenilworth STP Release Targets^

^ Note that no discharge to the nearby creek was released from Kenilworth Sewage Treatment Plant (i.e. treated effluent was released to the disposal area). Therefore 100% compliance was attained.

3.9 Maleny Sewage Treatment Plant

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples ^	Target Type	Compliant
тее	ma/l	53	long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
ISS IIIg/L	IIIg/L	53 -	short term 80th percentile	~
рН	pH units	53	range	\checkmark
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	\checkmark
TN	mg/L	53	long term 50th percentile	\checkmark
ТР	mg/L	53	long term 50th percentile	\checkmark
E. Coli	cfu/ 100 mL	53	median	\checkmark

Table 14 – Maleny STP Release Targets to Constructed Wetlands

Table 15 – Maleny STP Release Targets to Forest Irrigation

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples ^	Limit Type	Compliant
рН	pH units	53	range	\checkmark
Electrical Conductivity	µs/cm	53	maximum	~
TN	mg/L	53	maximum	~
TP	mg/L	53	maximum	~
E. Coli	cfu/ 100 mL	53	median	~

^ Total number of samples of effluent. Note that effluent released to the constructed wetlands and forest irrigation is sampled from the same location, however flow is diverted to either, but not both, outfalls on any one day.

3.10 Maroochydore Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 16 – Maroochydore STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant	
Faecal Coliforms cf	ofu/ 100 ml	52	median	✓ *	
		53	80th percentile	✓ *	

Table 17 – Maroochydore STP Mass Limits

Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	✓
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	✓ **
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark

* Median Faecal Coliforms was exceeded five times while 80th percentile Faecal Coliforms was exceeded once in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

** Nitrogen Mass Load was exceeded three times in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Exceedances

Faecal Coliforms

The median Faecal Coliforms target was exceeded five times, while maximum (80th percentile) Faecal Coliforms was exceeded once. This was due to several reasons, including a faulty level modulating valve in the ultraviolet (UV) channel which is used to ensure bacteria reduction. Overall, 89.8% and 98.0% compliance in median and maximum Faecal Coliforms respectively were achieved. Additional spare parts to improve valve reliability are currently being sourced.









Nitrogen Mass Load

The rolling Nitrogen Mass Load target was exceeded three times due to maintenance activities. After we completed maintenance work, the plant effluent returned to below the Nitrogen Mass Load limit in August 2017. Overall, compliance of 94.3% was achieved.



Figure 12 – Maroochydore STP – Nitrogen Mass Load – Maximum

Jul-16 Aug-16 Sep-16 Oct-16 Nov-16 Dec-16 Jan-17 Feb-17 Mar-17 Apr-17 May-17 Jun-17

3.11 Murrumba Downs Sewage Treatment Plant

Tahle	18 –	Murrumha	Downs	STP	Release	Targets
TUDIC	10	manunbu	DOWINS	511	nercuse	IUISCUS

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
BOD₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	\checkmark
			long term 80th percentile	✓
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
рН	pH units	53	range	✓
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/L	53	maximum	✓
			long term 50th percentile	✓
TN	mg/L	53	short term 50th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	✓
			long term 50th percentile	✓
TP	mg/L	53	short term 50th percentile	✓ *
			maximum	\checkmark
Facad Califorma	oful 100 mal	265	median	✓ **
raecal Collionns		200	80th percentile	✓ **

* Total Phosphorous exceeded its short term 50th percentile four times in the 2016-17 financial year. There was no effluent quality non-compliance however, as Total Phosphorus mass load was well below the licence limit.

** Median and 80th percentile Faecal Coliforms were both exceeded twice in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Limit Type	Compliant
Dry Moothor Flow	ML /d	200	maximum	\checkmark
Dry weather Flow	IVIL/U	290	average	\checkmark
Volumetric Release	ML/d	365	maximum on any one day	\checkmark

Table 19 – Murrumba Downs STP Volumetric Limits

Table 20 – Murrumba Downs STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Limit Type	Compliant
POD-	kg/yr	53	annual load	\checkmark
BOD ₅	kg/d	55	50th percentile load	\checkmark
TN	kg/yr	53	annual load	~
	kg/d		50th percentile load	~
тр	kg/yr	52	annual load	✓
TP	kg/d	53	50th percentile load	✓

Exceedances

Faecal Coliforms

The Faecal Coliforms target was exceeded four times. This was attributed to the performance of the UV disinfection unit. The issues included electrical faults which were promptly repaired and high flow through the UV disinfection system. Overall, 96.2% compliance was attained for both median Faecal Coliforms and 80th percentile Faecal Coliforms.



Figure 13 – Murrumba Downs STP – Faecal Coliforms – Median



Figure 14 – Murrumba Downs STP – Faecal Coliforms – 80th Percentile

3.12 Nambour Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 21 – Nambour STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	~
рН	pH units	53	range	~
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	\checkmark
NH ₃ -N	mg/L	53	long term 50th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	\checkmark
TN	mg/L	53	long term 50th percentile	~
ТР	mg/L	53	long term 50th percentile	\checkmark
Easaal Califorma	oful 100 ml	51	median	✓ *
Faeca Comonis		51	80th percentile	\checkmark

* Faecal Coliforms was exceeded twice in the 2016-17 financial year. Please refer to the next page for further details.

Exceedances

Faecal Coliforms

The median Faecal Coliforms target was exceeded twice in late 2016 due to normal 'wear and tear' of filtration membranes, which was isolated and repaired. Membranes normally ensure that pathogen levels such as Faecal Coliforms are fully removed from the effluent water. The median Faecal Coliform levels met 96.1% compliance throughout.



Figure 15 – Nambour STP – Faecal Coliforms – Median

3.13 Noosa Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 22 – Noosa STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
Ecocol Coliformo	cfu/ 100 mL	54	median	✓
Faecal Coliforms ctu/			80th percentile	~

Table 23 – Noosa STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~

3.14 Redcliffe Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 24 –	Redcliffe	STP Rele	ease Targets
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Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	✓
BOD ₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	✓
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	✓
			maximum	\checkmark
рН	pH units	53	range	\checkmark
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	✓
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	✓
Facad California	cfu/ 100	260	median	✓
raeca Comonns	mL	200	80th percentile	~

Table 25 – Redcliffe STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark

3.15 South Caboolture Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 26 – South Caboolture STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
			long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
BOD ₅	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	~
			maximum	~
			long term 80th percentile	~
TSS	mg/L	53	short term 80th percentile	~
			maximum	~
рН	pH units	53	range	~
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	~
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	~
	of::/ 100 ml	005	median	~
raeca Comorms		265	80th percentile	~

Table 27 – South Caboolture STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	366	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	~

3.16 Woodford Sewage Treatment Plant

Table 28 – Woodford STP Release Targets

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Target Type	Compliant
BOD₅	mg/L	53	long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	\checkmark
TSS	mg/L	53	long term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			short term 80th percentile	\checkmark
			maximum	\checkmark
рН	pH units	53	range	\checkmark
DO	mg/L	53	minimum	\checkmark
Free Chlorine Residual	mg/L	53	maximum	\checkmark
Faecal Coliforms	cfu/ 100 mL	265	median	\checkmark
			80th percentile	\checkmark

Table 29 – Woodford STP Mass Limits

Parameter	Unit	Number of Samples	Limit Type	Compliant
Average Annual Flow	ML/yr	365	maximum	\checkmark
Nitrogen Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark
Phosphorus Mass Load	kg/yr	-	maximum	\checkmark

4. Odour Reduction

Table 30 – Odour Reduction

STP	No major odour issues
Brendale	\checkmark
Bribie Island	\checkmark
Burpengary East	\checkmark
Coolum	✓
Cooroy	\checkmark
Dayboro	✓
Kawana	✓
Kenilworth	\checkmark
Landsborough	✓
Maleny	✓
Maroochydore	\checkmark
Murrumba Downs	✓
Nambour	✓
Noosa	✓
Redcliffe	\checkmark
South Caboolture	✓
Woodford	✓

We have been taking steps to address the odour issues impacting on our local community around the Maroochydore STP.

To reduce these issues, we have implemented a number of initiatives including installing a new odour control unit, reinstalling the digester flare, a ferrous chloride dosing system and a solar dryer bypass, as well as commissioning a new biosolids conveyor.

5. Definitions and Legend

Definitions of acronyms, units of measurement and legends used throughout this performance report are defined below.

Table 31 – Acronyms and Definitions

Acronym	Term	Definition
BOD ₅	Biochemical Oxygen Demand after 5 day test	The amount of dissolved oxygen needed by aerobic organisms to break down organic material.
BNR	Biological Nutrient Removal	A process used for nitrogen and phosphorous removal from sewage.
DEHP	Department of Environment and Heritage Protection	
DO	Dissolved Oxygen	Gaseous oxygen that is mixed in water and is available to aquatic organisms for respiration.
E.coli	Escherichia coli	Used as an indicator of pathogenic organisms that may cause diseases.
IDEA	Intermittent Decanted Extended Aeration	A three stage wastewater treatment process that involves aeration, settling and decanting.
NH3 – N	Ammonia nitrogen	A chemical compound that is removed in order to maintain the health of waterways. High levels can cause environmental issues such as eutrophication.
SBR	Sequential Batch Reactors	A draw-and-fill biological treatment process that uses aerobic microorganisms to break down and treat wastewater.
TN	Total Nitrogen	The sum of nitrate, nitrite and ammonia that is removed in order to maintain the health of waterways and prevent environmental issues such as eutrophication.
TP	Total Phosphorus	The sum of phosphorus compounds that is removed in order to maintain the health of waterways and prevent environmental issues such as eutrophication.
TSS	Total Suspended Solids	Total amount of small solid particles that remain suspended within the wastewater.
UV	Ultraviolet	A technology using radiation that disinfects wastewater.
	Faecal Coliform	Used as an indicator of pathogenic organisms that may cause diseases.
рН	Potential Hydrogen	A figure expressing the acidity or alkalinity of the water

Table 32 – Definition of Units

Units	Definition
µs/cm	micro-Siemens per centimetre
cfu/ 100 mL	colony forming units per 100 millilitre
kg/yr	kilogram per year
mg/L	milligrams per litre
ML	megalitres
ML/yr	megalitres per year
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units

Table 33 – Legend

Symbol	Compliancy value
~	> 90%
✓	80% - 90%
×	< 80%



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Unitywater has certification to: OH&S ISO 4801:2001 Reg No 4260 Environmental ISO 14001:2004 Reg No 4259 Quality Systems ISO 9001:2008 Reg No 4258 Food Safety Management ISO 22000







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